

THE HAZEL GREEN HERALD.

Established March 4, 1885. Made Famous in the Story of "Jonathan and His Continent," by Max O'Rell.

SPENCER COOPER, Owner and Editor.

"Of a Noisy World, With News From All Nations Lumbering at His Back,"

\$1.00 A YEAR, Always in Advance

THIRTEENTH YEAR.

HAZEL GREEN, WOLFE COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1897.

NUMBER 24.

THE FAIR.

EIGHTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION.

Opened in a Blaze of
Glory and the At-
tendance Good.

PREMIUMS AWARDED

The eighth annual exhibition of the Hazel Green fair began Tuesday morning, and long before the gates were thrown open, the crowds which thronged the thoroughfares leading to the grounds were crushing. At a very early hour in the morning stalwart farmers applied for space in which to make exhibits of their produce and ladies fair came with their handiwork to contest for the premiums. The floral hall was well filled with exhibits. The display of stock was good, and the racing was simply grand. We herewith give the names of those who secured premiums and purses on the first and second days:

FLORAL HALL EXHIBITS.

- Best and Neatest made Silk Quilt—Not filled.
- Best and Neatest made Worsted Quilt—Mrs. Sallie Ware.
- Best and Neatest made Calico Quilt—Malia James.
- Neatest made piece of Patchwork—Mrs. Clara Pieratt.
- Neatest made piece of Tatting—Mrs. Ida Cecil.
- Neatest made piece of Crocheting—Mrs. Ida Cecil.
- Neatest made Pair of Pillow Shams—Mrs. Lula Kash.
- Neatest made Sun Bonnet—Mrs. Rilda Day.
- Neatest knitted pair of White Yarn Socks—Miss Clark Long.
- Neatest knitted pair of Brown Yarn Socks—Elsie Jane Long.
- Neatest made Hemstitched Handkerchief, with embroidered initial, by girl under 12 years—Mattie Evans.
- Largest and best Wheat, one peck—Richard Franklin.
- Largest and best White Corn, one peck—M. E. Jones.
- Largest and best Yellow Corn, one peck—C. S. Sample.
- Largest and best Oats, one peck—W. T. Swango.
- Largest and best Millet, one peck—Jordan Wills.
- Largest and best Rye, one peck—Not filled.
- Largest and best Sugar Cane, one doz. stalks—E. T. Kash.
- Largest and best Cabbage, three heads—Mrs. Rosa Cecil.
- Largest and best Beets, half dozen—H. B. Little.
- Largest and best Red Tomatoes, one dozen—S. N. Norman.
- Largest and best Irish Potatoes, one peck—Not filled.
- Largest and best Sweet Potatoes, one peck—Nathan Jones.
- Largest and best Onions, one peck—Mrs. Julia Rose.
- Largest and best White Beans, one peck—Mrs. Rosa Cecil.
- Largest and best Peaches, one peck—Cesar Linden.
- Largest and best Apples, one peck—C. S. Sample.
- Largest and best Watermelon—Marion Jones.
- Largest and best Cantaloupe—Not filled.
- Largest and best Kershaw—O. W. McNabb.
- Largest and best Pumpkin—Henry Perkins.
- Best Red Pepper, one dozen pods, arranged—Mrs. Belle Johnson.
- Best Sorghum Molasses, one gallon—Livia Higgins.
- Best Honey in Comb, one gallon in glass jar—Ada Cecil.
- Best Roll of Butter, one pound—Mrs. Belle Godsey.

Best Loaf of Light Bread—Mrs. J. H. Evans.

Best Fruit Cake, one slice to be cut—No entry.

Best Layer Cake, one slice to be cut—Mrs. J. W. Cravens.

Best Pound Cake, one slice to be cut—Mrs. John Pieratt.

Best Apple Preserves, half gallon—Mrs. J. H. Evans.

Best Peach Preserves, half gallon—Mrs. Rilda Day.

Best Blackberry Preserves, half gallon—Mrs. Cravens.

Best Raspberry Preserves, half gallon—Bertha Samples.

Best Tomato Preserves, half gallon—Mrs. Evans.

Best Currant Jelly, one stand—Not filled.

Best Blackberry Jelly, one stand—Mrs. Belle Godsey.

Best Raspberry Jelly, one stand—Mrs. Duke.

Best Apple Jelly, one stand—Mrs. Joe Swango.

Best Blackberry Jam, quart—Mrs. Lula Kash.

Best Apple Butter, quart—Mrs. Belle Godsey.

Best Watermelon Pickles, quart—Mrs. Belle Godsey.

Best Cucumber Pickles, quart—Mrs. Rilda Day.

Best Sweet Pickles, quart—Mrs. Lillie McLin.

Best Tomato Catsup, quart—Mrs. Belle Godsey.

Best Chow-Chow, quart—Mrs. Evans.

Prettiest Flower, potted, not over gallon size, bloom considered—Mrs. Ellen Pieratt.

Prettiest Flower, potted, not over gallon size, foliage considered—Mrs. Ellen Pieratt.

Prettiest Cross, made of Holly, to be two feet long—Ida Cecil.

Prettiest Heart, made of Cedar, to be one foot across—Mrs. S. Lacy.

Handsomest Boy Baby, under one year—Mr. and Mrs. Lon Clark.

Handsomest Girl Baby, under one year—

ARENA PROGRAM.

The premiums awarded to stock and races on first day (Tuesday) were as follows—

Best Buck, any age—Not filled.

Best Ewe, any age—Not filled.

Best Buck Lamb—Not filled.

Best Ewe Lamb—Not filled.

Best Boar, any age—Not filled.

Best Sow, any age—Not filled.

Best Boar, under 6 months—Not filled.

Best Gilt, under 6 months—Not filled.

Best Bull, any age—First, Dave Linden; second, G. W. Carson.

Best Milk Cow, any age—First, W. T. Swango; second, same.

Best Calf, either sex, under 8 months—First, J. N. Lacy; second, W. T. Swango.

Best Fatted Steer or Heifer, under 1 year—First, W. T. Swango; second, same.

Best Pair Cattle, any age—First, G. W. Carson; second, W. T. Swango.

RUNNING RACE—Free for all; half mile heats; 2 in 3. Purse \$40. J. M. Swango, 1st; Sam Patrick, 2d; W. S. Marrs, 3d.

PACE OR TROT—For horses that never won a race; mile heats; 2 in 3. Purse \$75. Wm. Clayton, 1st; H. C. Traynor, 2d; H. C. Traynor, 3d.

MULE RACE—Running; half mile heats; 2 in 3. Purse \$8. Miles Linden, 1st; W. B. McFarland, 2d; L. E. Daniel, 3d.

SECOND DAY.

Best Pair of Mules, any age, single ownership—First, L. E. Daniel; second, J. M. Swango.

Best Mule, mare or horse, any age—First, Harry Perkins; second, J. M. Swango.

Best Mule Colt, mare or horse—First, W. T. Swango; second, H. C. Swango.

Best Harness Stallion, any age—First, David Baskford; second, Harlan May.

Best Harness Mare or Gelding, any age—First, John Greenwade; second, W. T. Swango.

Best Saddle Stallion, any age—Not filled.

Best Brood Mare, any age, with sucking colt—First, W. T. Swango; second, H. C. Swango.

Best Sucking Colt—First, W. C. Perkins; second, Wm. Pack.

Best Pair of Farm Mares or Geldings, any age, to wagon—First, John Cecil; second, H. C. Swango.

Best Jack, any age—First, Frank Duke; second, W. T. Swango.

FREE FOR ALL TROT—Open to Mountain Horses Only—Mile heats; 2 in 3. Purse \$200. H. C. Traynor, 1st; J. F. Lawridge, 2d; Wm. L. May, 3d.

RUNNING RACE—Free for all; half mile heats; 2 in 3. Purse \$10. J. M. Swango, 1st; J. E. Lawridge, 2d; Sam Patrick, 3d.

TROTting RACE—For Buggy Horses, strictly never track worked; mile heats; 2 in 3. Purse \$20. Wm. Clayton, 1st; J. M. Swango, 2d; H. V. Nickell, 3d.

BYRAN ANSWERS QUESTIONS.

Great Apostle of Free Coinage Frankly Complies With a Republican's Request.

During the recent visit of Hon. William J. Bryan to Montana he was called upon by ex-United States Senator Sanders. As the ex-senator left he handed Mr. Bryan a list of questions, 14 in all, bearing upon the silver question, and asked Mr. Bryan if he would furnish answers.

The latter said he would. The 14 questions and answers were as follows:

Question 1. When it is enacted that 412½ grains of standard silver shall constitute a dollar, do we thereby fix the value of silver or merely define the meaning of the word dollar?

Answer. The present silver dollar contains 412½ grains of standard silver. When the mints are open to the free and unlimited coinage of silver the government simply declares that that amount of silver, when coined, shall constitute a dollar, just as it now declares that 23.8 grains of standard gold, when coined, constitute a standard dollar. The purchasing power of the dollar, both under the gold standard and under bimetalism, depends upon the number of dollars. Under the gold standard the law declares that all gold of standard fineness may be converted into money, and the primary money depends upon the amount of gold presented for coinage. Under bimetalism the government declares that all gold and silver of standard fineness may be converted into money at a fixed ratio, and the amount of primary money depends upon the gold and silver presented for coinage. The government does not decide what the purchasing power of a dollar shall be, whether it be gold or silver, but the government can increase the purchasing power of a dollar by limiting the coinage to gold alone, or it can lessen the purchasing power of a dollar by admitting silver to coinage on equal terms with gold. The gold standard has increased the purchasing power of gold by increasing the demand for it. Bimetalism will reduce the purchasing power of gold just to the extent that the gold standard has increased it.

Question 2. Is the commercial value of the metal in a coin the measure of its value, and essential in determining its efficiency as money?

Answer. Under free and unlimited coinage there can be no material difference between the value of the metal and the coin, because any one desiring the coin can present the metal for coinage without limit and without charge, and any one desiring the metal can melt the coin. Bimetallists contend that free coinage will so increase the demand for silver as to raise the bullion value to \$1.29 an ounce, measured by gold. Gold and silver have been driven apart by hostile legislation, which has increased the purchasing power of an ounce of gold on the one hand, and decreased the gold price of silver on the other. Bimetalism will increase the demand for silver and lessen the demand for gold, thus bringing the metals together and making an ounce of silver, whether coined or uncoined, worth \$1.29 in gold, and the silver dollar will then be equal to the gold dollar in this country or anywhere else in the world.

Question 3. If silver dollars containing varying quantities of silver were issued from the mints as legal tender money, would they circulate contemporaneously as money?

Answer. If the holder of silver bullion was permitted to convert his bullion without limit and without charge into dollars differing in size, but a legal tender for the same amount, he would convert his metal into dollars of the least size. If there were in circulation dollars of different weights, the heavier ones would be recoined into the lighter dollars, or, if they were not recoined, would pass at a premium. In other words, two silver dollars of different weights would not circulate together under free and unlimited coinage.

Question 4. Will coins of different commercial value fulfill the same monetary function if the law calls them by the same name, and imposes on them indiscriminately the same monetary errand?

Answer. While it is true that two coins of the same denomination, but of different commercial value, will not circulate at par under free and unlimited coinage, it is also true that the commercial ratio will conform to the legal ratio whenever the coinage demand is equal to the supply of the metals. The law can change the commercial value of a coin by increasing or decreasing the demand for the metal of which the coin is made. It is not fair to say that the commercial ratio now existing between gold and silver bullion will remain the same when our mints are open to the free coinage of both metals. The gold value of silver fell when the Indian mints were closed. It fell again when it became apparent that the purchasing clause of the Sherman law would be repealed. The gold price of silver rose after the passage of the Sherman law, when it was thought that the government had created a demand sufficient to absorb all the surplus bullion. The whole theory of bimetalism rests upon the fact that gold and silver are produced in limited quantities—hence called precious metals—and that a monetary use can be created for both sufficient to absorb at the ratio fixed by law all the gold and silver presented for coinage.

Question 5. Is it true that a metal commercially undervalued in a bimetallic system of coinage will be hoarded?

Answer. If either metal is commercially undervalued it will be at a premium under bimetalism. It may not be hoarded, because when one hoards money he loses the interest upon it, and it may not be exported because it can pass at a premium at home. For instance, during the war gold and silver were at a premium, and yet they were used in this country. From 1792 to 1834 gold was at a premium in the United States. From 1834 to 1890 silver was a premium, and yet during all that period we had both gold and silver in the country, and the debtor had a right to pay his debts in either coin. While he may not have exercised the option often, the option was of advantage because it protected him against a corner in either metal.

Question 6. In what country does bimetalism in fact now exist in its monetary system, where coins of both metals circulate as money?

Answer. Gold and silver do not now circulate concurrently at a fixed ratio in any country where free and unlimited coinage is given to both metals, the reason being that the bimetallic standard is not in force in any nation sufficiently important to furnish a use for all the gold and silver presented for coinage. Bimetallists contend that the United States is great enough to do what a smaller nation cannot accomplish.

Question 7. If the act of 1873 instead of dropping the coinage of the silver dollar had provided that 206½ grains of standard silver should henceforth be coined without limit or seignorage, and be a legal tender for \$1, would such coins have circulated as money side by side with gold coins and been worth 100 cents in gold?

Answer. To have constituted 206½ grains of standard silver a dollar, the gold dollar remaining as it was, would have been to establish a ratio of 8 to 1, instead of 16 to 1. It would have been impossible to maintain the parity between gold and silver at that ratio because other nations afforded a more favorable ratio to gold. But when we establish the ratio of 16 to 1 we give gold a more favorable ratio than now exists in European nations, and therefore there would be no reason for gold leaving us.

Question 8. If the act of 1873 had provided as suggested in Question 7 would our silver mines have been worth twice as much, and would silver mining have been correspondingly more profitable?

Answer. While the establishment of the ratio of 8 to 1, suggested in Question 7, would not have maintained the parity between gold and silver, it would have continued the demand for silver as money, and to that extent it would have protected the silver miners from the loss which hostile legislation has entailed upon them.

Question 9. Would the silver dollar permit of yet further impairment as to its weight and fineness, and yet efficiently fulfill the errand and function of a dollar?

Answer. Congress has a right to coin money and regulate the value thereof, and this power was exercised in the beginning when the ratio of 15 to 1 was established. It was again exercised in 1834 when the gold dollar was reduced in size and the ratio changed to 16 to 1. There is no desire upon the part of bimetallists to lessen the weight of the silver dollar, or to change the ratio now existing between gold and silver coins. Bimetallists simply desire to restore a system which once existed, and to give back to silver the coinage privileges once enjoyed by it, but now monopolized by gold.

Question 10. Could our gold and silver coins be correspondingly reduced in weight and fineness simultaneously and their existing value and efficiency as money be maintained by statute?

Answer. The fineness of the gold dollar, the fineness of the silver dollar and the weight of the gold have all been changed since 1792 without injuring their efficiency, but, of course, these changes affected their value. The amount of pure silver in the silver dollar has never been changed since the first dollar was coined. But the question then is irrelevant because bimetallists do not desire to change either the weight or fineness of the gold and silver coins. They desire the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver into coins of the present weight and fineness, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation.

Question 11. Is unity of the commercial value of the raw material in coins essential if those coins are to fulfill the same monetary function in the commercial world?

Answer. Concurrent circulation of the two metals is not essential to bimetalism. It has already been shown that the bimetallic system existed in the United States from 1791 down to 1873, although the metals did not circulate concurrently, the reason being that France maintained a ratio of 15½ to 1. The French ratio was more favorable to gold than ours up to 1834, and more favorable to silver afterward. The legal ratio of France controlled the commercial ratio in the United States, and raised gold to a premium after 1834. There being now no such influence at work to destroy the parity, bimetallists contend that the parity can be maintained between gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. I may add that during the entire existence of the bimetallic system in the United States, no political party ever condemned it in national convention, but it is a significant fact that after the abandonment of bimetalism and the adoption of the gold standard, no political party ever commended the gold standard prior to 1896, and in 1896 the Gold Democrats, who did commend the gold standard, only mustered 132,000 votes in the whole country. The Republican party pledged itself to promote international bimetalism, and the administration has already sent a commission abroad to petition the nations of Europe to co-operate with the United States in getting rid of the gold standard.

Question 12. Would changing the vignette, legend or milling on any one of our coins change its efficiency or value in the commercial world?

Answer. The changing of the inscription upon our coins would not affect the value of the coins in the commercial world, but if the stamp of the English sovereign were substituted for the Goddess of Liberty and the American eagle our American coins might be more pleasing to those who think that our financial policy should be determined for us by the financiers of London.

Question 13. Is that good money of ultimate redemption which needs to be insured against loss or damages by fire?

Answer. The thirteenth question overlooks the fact that gold can be melted without loss because, and only because, it can be coined without charge. If the government charged five cents for converting 23.8 grains of standard gold into a dollar, that dollar would lose five cents in melting. In other words, the fact that gold can be melted without loss is due to law, not to nature. The same will be true of silver when silver is given equal privileges with gold.

Question 14. Would the manufacture and issuance of a cheaper coined dollar increase the value of the property in the United States, or redistribute that property more near equal?

Answer. If the weight of the dollar, whether gold or silver, were lessened, the nominal value of property would be increased, but the purchasing value of a dollar can be increased or diminished without changing the weight of the dollar. President McKinley, in a speech made in 1891, criticized Mr. Cleveland for discriminating against silver, and declared that Mr. Cleveland was trying to make dollars dearer by making them scarcer, and even intimated that this was equivalent to making "money the master and all things else the servant." The gold standard has raised the purchasing power of money and caused a general fall in prices. The restoration of bimetalism would undo what gold monometallism has done. To lessen the weight of the dollar after a contract was made would injure the creditor just as an increase in the weight of a dollar would increase the debtor, but a similar result can be produced without changing the weight of the dollar. The debtors of the world have been injured by legislation which has increased the value of gold. If, by the latter part of the fourteenth question, it is meant to assert that bimetalism would cause a redistribution of property, it may be replied that bimetalism merely restores the conditions which existed prior to 1873, and stops the unjust advantage which the government has been giving to the money owning and money changing classes at the expense of the wealth-producing classes.

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—Helena (Mont.) Herald.

WONDERFUL are the cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and yet they are simple and natural. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes PURE BLOOD.

THE HERALD.

SPENCER COOPER, : : : Editor.



HAZEL GREEN, KY.
THURSDAY Sept. 9, 1897.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For State Senator.

We are authorized to announce A. D. ROBERTS, of Owsley county, as a candidate for State Senator for the 34th Senatorial district, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For Magistrate.

We are authorized to announce W. H. BLANKENSHIP as a candidate for Magistrate in the First Magisterial District, subject only to the voice of the people at the November election, 1897.

For Surveyor of Morgan County.

We are authorized to announce JAMES S. HALSEY as a candidate for County Surveyor of Morgan county, subject to the decision of the voters at the November, 1897, election.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Clerk of Court of Appeals,
SAM J. SHACKELFORD, of Daviess.

For Circuit Judge,
D. B. REDWINE, of Breathitt.

For Commonwealth's Attorney,
A. F. BYRD, of Wolfe.

For Representative,
A. B. PIERATT, of Morgan.

For County Judge,
G. T. CENTER.

For County Attorney,
A. H. STAMPER.

For Circuit Clerk,
J. F. VANSANT.

For County Clerk,
SHAS TUTT.

For Sheriff,
A. T. COMBS.

For Jailor,
I. W. COMBS.

For Assessor,
G. W. SALLEE.

For County Superintendent of Schools,
J. W. TAUBER.

For Coroner,
J. F. SAMPLE.

For Surveyor,
E. J. CREECH.

First Magisterial District:
Justice of the Peace—J. D. ROSE.
Constable—SYLVESTER NORMAN.

Second Magisterial District:
Justice of the Peace—P. R. LEGG.
Constable—J. H. DRAKE.

Third Magisterial District:
Justice of the Peace—PRESS HOLLON.
Constable—J. W. ROSE.

THOUGHTOGRAPHS

DISPATCHES bring the news that the starving miners of the Panhandle district have brought suit to recover wages held back by Hanna hirelings.

THE coal miners strike is about over. A conference of the leaders has decided on a scale that is satisfactory and it is said the men will soon return to work.

THE rush to the Klondyke gold fields still continues and a government official declares that not 20 per cent of those now on their way will live to see Dawson City.

NEXT Monday is the time and Hazel Green is the place where the next state senator from this (34th) district will be named. Wolfe county instructed for A. D. Roberts.

THE yellow fever has made its annual appearance on the southern coast of our country and a number of fatal cases are reported from Ocean Springs and Biloxi, Miss. One fatal case is reported from Louisville.

THE Hunter and company bribery cases will come up shortly and it is intimated that more indictments will be found if Mayor Todd, of Louisville, is summoned as a witness and will tell all he knows about it.

THE Democratic state central committee met at Lexington last Thursday and decided to open headquarters at that

place and begin an active campaign. Chairman P. P. Johnston will direct affairs, with Owen Cochran as secretary and T. B. Cromwell assistant secretary.

THE New York World sent out enquiries to different states regarding the present prices of wheat and silver, and what effect the "wave of prosperity now rolling over the land" will have on the silver question. The answers all come back that "prosperity has reached only the speculators and 16 to 1 is gaining ground every day."

CORRESPONDENCE.

MAGOFFIN COUNTY.

Cyrus Chips.

Judge Cooper's wife is still very low. Crops are looking very well. Foddering is at hand.

Sam Collins has his new store house completed and will move in Monday.

Wallace Harmon has returned from a short visit to Floyd county, and says crops look well.

James Love passed through our neighborhood with his threshing machine, and says wheat is good.

September 4. OLD TIMER.

MENEFEE COUNTY.

Frenchburg Furnishings.

Farmers are complaining about dry weather.

Taylor Coldiron is very low with typhoid fever.

Miss Nettie Wheeler visited friends in Frenchburg during institute.

Died, on August 31, the infant child of W. C. and Mariba Taylor, of this place.

Married, Thursday, September 2, Robert Lyons, of near Wellington, and Miss Sarah Spradling, daughter of Abe Spradling, of Beaver hill neighborhood.

Teachers' institute was held here beginning on the 23rd ult. It was almost wholly represented by all the teachers, and was ably conducted by Prof. J. A. Lipps, formerly of Virginia, but now teaching the school at this place.

Died, at his home in Frenchburg, September 1, Sam Clarke, an elder of the M. E. church. Bro. Clarke has long been a working member in the church, although straying aside at some times, we believe in his strong desire to live for Christ. Many friends mourn his loss.

September 3. LUCILLE.

BROWNSVILLE, TEXAS.

August 25, 1897.

Spencer Cooper, Hazel Green, Ky.
Dear Sir—Enclosed find money order for One Dollar for which you will please give me credit on subscription, and continue paper at this place.

Very respectfully,

M. K. TAUBER.
P. S.—Mild form of yellow fever at this place; no serious results.

Regards to Mrs. Cooper.

In the World of Art and Letters.

As the result of the development of our public school system and the cheapening of books, there has grown up a large class of men and women who seek broader education. Their duties in life, or lack of means, exclude them from the universities. The Cosmopolitan magazine has undertaken the task of bringing liberal education, in its broadest sense, within the reach of those who have the aspiration, but are deprived of the opportunity. Doctor Andrews, late of Brown university, has undertaken the presidency of the Cosmopolitan's educational movement. The work, thus begun, is not intended to take the place of regular university work, but to supply a gap in existing educational facilities. Those who are really in search of knowledge will find direction and aid. It can do nothing for those who have not the desire to study. An intending student sends to the Cosmopolitan, New York, his name, occupation, previous courses of study, studies to be pursued, objects and purpose for which course is designed, and the number of hours, daily and weekly, study which can be given. No charges of any kind will be made to students.

The Sales of Hood's Sarsaparilla are the largest in the world because the cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla are wonderful, perfect, permanent.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. 25c.

"Cherries Are Ripe"

with us, and there's nothing to be done but the plucking, for we offer bargains more tempting than the finest cherries you ever saw. We have to offer two bites at these cherries, as one will not answer. They are such great bargains that you'll hardly believe these goods can be bought for so little money, so we offer

The First Bite

in 200 men's fine all wool suits in Clay Warsteds, Cheviots and Bannockburns, two and three button cutaways, in blues and blacks, swell tailoring in every garment and lined with superior farmers' satin. We have never sold these goods for less than \$12, \$15 and \$18, and not one of them cost us less than \$12 wholesale, but you can pluck one for \$9.99.

Now Pluck.

Other Bites

are offered in 200 men's Moleskin Pants, at 45c a pair—elsewhere they'll cost you 75c. 200 men's blue Cottonade pants at 44c. They will cost you 75c at any other store. 200 men's Linen pants at 75c a pair, and you'll have to pay \$1.50 for them for them anywhere else in the world. We have them in some beautiful patterns, and they'll wash as well as a shirt and wear like iron. Of course you know what all these goods are without further description, but will add that they're all new goods.

Now Pluck.

Louis & Gus Straus,

THE PIONEER CLOTHIERS.

LEXINGTON, KY.



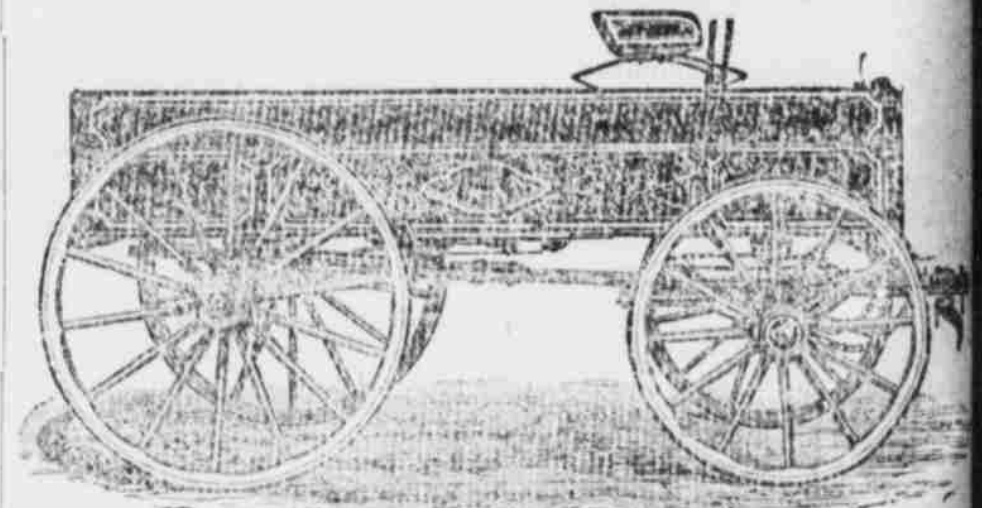
Bring your Association Minutes to The Herald office to have them printed. We are fully equipped for that class of work, and do it promptly.



ROSE & DAVIS

PRACTICAL

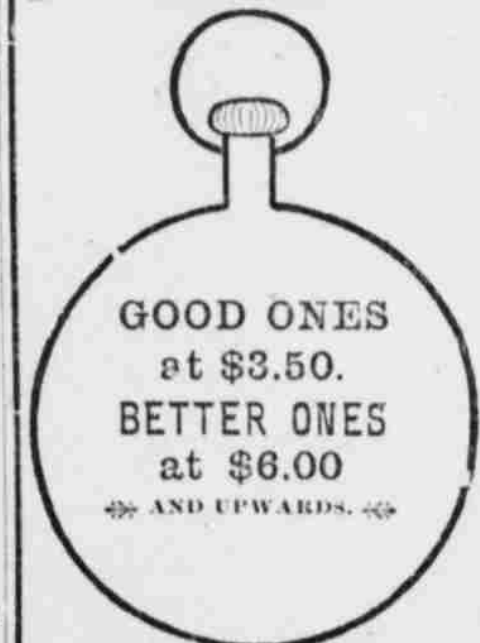
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HAZEL GREEN, KENTUCKY.



WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF BUILDING FARM and ROAD WAGONS use the Best Material and Guarantee Satisfaction. Call and get our prices and when you need anything of the kind give me your order. Patronize Home People, get only Honest Work, and be Happy.

IN THE HORSE SHOEING AND REPAIR DEPARTMENT we employ only skilled labor, every man being an artist in his specialty, and your work is respectfully solicited.

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GOOD ONES
at \$3.50.
BETTER ONES
at \$6.00
AND UPWARDS.

And Watch Repairing

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FRED J. HEINTZ,
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Winchester Bank,

WINCHESTER, KY.
N. H. WITHERSPOON, President.
R. D. HUNTER, Cashier.
Paid up Capital, \$200,000.00.
Surplus, \$60,000.00.
This Bank solicits the accounts of merchants, farmers, traders and business men generally throughout Eastern Kentucky, and offers its customers every facility, and the most liberal terms within the limits of legitimate banking.

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Practical Painter,
HAZEL GREEN, KY.

Hardwood Finish a Specialty.
Mail Orders receive prompt attention.

WALLIS AND WHEELER

HAZEL GREEN, KY.
Blacksmiths and Wagonmakers

Having leased a shop known as the Frank Tyler shop, purchased a new complete line of smithing and welding tools and materials, are prepared to do all kinds of work in our line, and at most reasonable rates. Give us a call at a trial. Respectfully,
W. J. WALLIS,
G. W. WHEELER.

W. T. COLVIN,

WITH
TRIMBLE BROTHERS
Wholesale Grocers,
MT. STERLING, KY.

W. J. SEITZ,

WITH
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JOBBERS IN
Hardware & Agricultural Implements
IRONTON

THE HERALD.

LOCAL LISTINGS.

Ray Moss, of Montgomery, is here this week taking in the sights.

G. T. Center, of Campton, has been sojourning in town this week.

Mrs. Steve Tutt and three daughters are taking in the fair this week.

Jordan Wills, of Maytown, is to be seen at the fair ground again this year.

The White Sulphur band is with us again this year, and we note a marked improvement.

W. P. Norris, of the Campton Banner, was a pleasant caller at THE HERALD office Tuesday.

Samuel Greenwade, of Spencer, is a guest of Mrs. F. N. Day this week and taking in the fair.

R. L. Atby, of Campton, took in the fair, and while here made a social visit to THE HERALD office.

James Young and Anderson Howard, of Spencer, are taking in the fair, and are stopping with Mrs. F. N. Day.

The three Greenwade brothers, John Sam and Tommie, are here from Montgomery with some horses for the fair.

Mrs. W. H. Taulbee, of Hazel Green, is visiting her son, Dr. J. B. Taulbee, on Sycamore street.—Sentinel Democrat.

Green Butler, who was shot by Roger Parsons, at Mt. Sterling, some time ago, has so far recovered as to be out again.

William Crain, of Flemingsburg, who has been sojourning in this vicinity for several weeks, returned home last Friday morning.

Prof. G. N. Stevenson will preach at Daysboro Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. The officers of the church desire a large attendance.

The Methodist conference meets at Mt. Sterling next Wednesday, and it is thought there will be over 500 strangers in that city.

Mrs. J. B. Thompson and three children, Harry, Lintin and Jessie, of Clay City, are stopping with Mrs. F. N. Day during the fair.

Jesse Swango, of Illinois, who has been visiting relatives at Hazel Green, passed through here yesterday en route home.—Mt. Sterling Advocate.

Mrs. Ellen Pieratt, accompanied by her grandniece, Nellie Evans, left last week for a protracted visit to Lexington and other points in the bluegrass.

Messrs. J. J. Graves and — Weaver returned to their homes in Mason county last Thursday after a pleasant sojourn of several weeks in this neighborhood.

Misses Hattie and Ella Dwire left for their home in Covington last Friday morning, after being the guests of Mrs. Ellen Kash, of this place, for the past two months.

At the Christian church on next Sunday morning and evening, the following will be the topics for sermons: "How to Grow in Grace," and "The Christian for the Times."

Consumption can often be prevented by giving early attention to a cold, whether slight or severe. A cold quickly disappears when Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey is taken.

Mrs. H. L. Wheeler and two little sons, of Beattyville, came over last week and are now the guests of George W. Wheeler and family, of this place, and taking in the fair.

Rev. L. E. Mann leaves Hazel Green Friday morning and will stop at Pine Grove over Saturday and Sunday for the last quarterly conference and then go to Mt. Sterling to attend the state conference. While in Mt. Sterling he will be the guest of B. F. Wyatt, on Harrison avenue.

Misses Minnie L. Day and Loula Kash returned home from the institute at West Liberty on Saturday morning, and report a good institute, from 80 to 100 teachers in attendance.

Owing to some delay in progress of work upon the new building, the opening of school in S. P. Lees collegiate institute, at Jackson, Ky., has been postponed until September 13.

William E. Bush came up from Lexington on Tuesday to see his sister, Mrs. Spencer Cooper, who is dangerously ill. Business interests necessitated his return home Thursday morning.

W. L. Day, wife and little daughter came up from Spencer last Thursday to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Day, and other relatives and friends, and of course will take in the fair.

Rev. Barnett Blankenship's horse that was kicked at the Enterprise association died Saturday night of last week. E. L. Blankenship's mare, that was kicked at the same time and place, is in a critical condition.

The annual meeting of the Christian churches in the Morgan, Magoffin, Johnson district, will be held with the Bethel church on Tom's branch, in Morgan county, beginning on the third Friday in this month, i. e., the 17 inst.

Kentucky's inimitable impersonator, elocutionist and musician, Prof. R. M. Caldwell, in a interesting, select and pleasing program, will appear at the academy chapel, tonight, Thursday. Mr. Caldwell's versatile style admits of many variations which delights all who hear him. His program is calculated to please both adults and children. The following is the program.

- 1—Waltz....."Seaside"
- 2—Recitation....."How Baby Played"
- 3—Music.....Ode to the Memory to the late Thomas A. Hendricks
- 4—Recitation....."A Scene in the Schoolroom"
- 5—Music....."A Little Wedding March"
- 6—Recitation....."The Old Man Goes to Town"
- 7—Impersonation....."The Convent"
- Representing instrumental and vocal solos, such as the bass, soprano, young lady just from boarding school, the timid little girl, the baritone horn, the violinello, mandolin and banjo.
- 8—Recitation....."The Ark and the Flood," or "A Campmeeting Sermon of 1830"
- 9—Music....."Hot Wind Waltz"
- 10—Impersonation....."The Barn Yard"
- 2 representation of domestic fowls, such as the clucking of a hen, crowing of a rooster, chirping of a little chicken, growling of a dog, grunting of a hog, mooing of a cow, bleating of sheep, etc., etc.
- 11—Music....."Campaign March"
- 12—Recitation....."The Debating Society"

The price of admission is 15 cents for adults, and 10 cents for children. Get your tickets early and secure seats before they are all gone. Doors open at 7:30.

Missionary Offerings.
September is the month for increasing the church extension fund of the Churches of Christ. The church at this place will take the collection on the fourth Lord's Day, the 26th inst. The offerings for general home missions will be taken on the same day. The church at Hazel Green is known for its liberality towards missionary work, and the offering this month will certainly not show a backward step. Every member of the church should have a part in these good works by making an offering, however small. Read Second Corinthians, 8th and 9th chapters. Do not forget the day, Sunday, September 26, or the offerings, for church extension and general home missions.
WM. H. CORD, Minister.

A Cure for Bilious Colic.
RESCUE, Screven county, Ga.—I have been subject to attacks of bilious colic for several years. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the only sure relief. It acts like a charm. One dose of it gives relief when all other remedies fail.—G. D. SHARP. For sale by J. T. Day.

A precocious youth who reads the newspapers submits the following unique composition on the lynching evil: "Lynching is wrong. It hurts the limbs of the beautiful trees where the birds sing. It also hurts the people what's lynched. They should have a regular hangin' an' sell peanuts an' lemonade. People what's hung regular by law, always go to heaven. I don't want to go to heaven that way."

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

H. F. PIERATT & CO., THE ORIGINATORS OF LOW PRICES IN HAZEL GREEN, KY.

We invite the attention of the public to our **CLOTHING** department. It is now complete, and we say without fear of contradiction or the defiance of our competitors that we can and will sell you your

CLOTHING FOR LESS MONEY than any man in Hazel Green. We also carry a complete line of General Merchandise, which we will sell as low as any man.

OUR DRUG DEPARTMENT is complete and prices unequalled in Eastern Kentucky, and we invite the patronage of all doctors and the people generally.

We still keep a first-class **LIVERY AND FEED STABLE** for the accommodation of the guests of the Day House, or any one else who desires to stop with us. Parties conveyed to any point in Eastern Kentucky.

Also Agents for Torrent, Campton and Hazel Green Telephone Co.

When in need of anything in our line don't forget the place,
P. O. BLOCK, NO. 58.

Thanking all our customers for their liberal patronage, we remain,
Respectfully,
E. O. TAULBEE, Salesman. H. F. PIERATT & CO.

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NORMAL, BUSINESS, PREPARATORY.

Next Session Begins Wednesday, Sept. 1, 1897.

Full Courses Sustained in Every Department.
Collegiate, Preparatory, Normal, Business and Bible.
Thorough Work is Required in all Studies Pursued.
The Expenses are as Low as Possible.

Board,		\$40 00
Tuition, (Academic),		10 00
Tuition, (Scholarship, Book Keeping, Shorthand and Typewriting),		30 00
For Term of Twenty Weeks.		

For Catalog and further information, write to
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HAZEL GREEN, KY.

TRAINING AND FEED STABLE.

I have opened my Training and Feed Stable, and will keep on hand plenty of feed and a full supply of vehicles and traps. Parties coming here from a distance, who may desire horses pastured for a few days or weeks can have the best pasture at reasonable rates.

LIVERY STABLE.



Also, for the convenience and accommodation of guests of the Day House, I have opened near-by a first-class Livery Stable, where I will keep Buggies, Saddle Horses and Hacks for hire at all times. Persons wishing a vehicle to meet them at Torrent can telephone me and have any desired vehicle or saddle horse promptly. I will also have a full supply of hacks for hire to drummers, in charge of careful drivers, for which they can contract by the day for any length of time. Persons intending to visit Swango Spring will be met at either Rothwell or Torrent with team and driver, and I will have pleasure in shipping water for them whenever desired. J. TAYLOR DAY.

A BUSINESS EDUCATION

is absolutely necessary to the young man or young woman who would win success in life. This being conceded, it is of the first importance to get your training at the school that stands in the very front rank—the

BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

BOOK-KEEPING, SHORTHAND, TELEGRAPHY. Write for beautiful book giving testimonials from graduates occupying prominent positions all over the United States—it will be mailed FREE. College building and office Third and Jefferson.

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Artistic Job Printing

CALL AT THE HERALD OFFICE.

A. FLOYD BYRD, Campton, Ky. ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Abstracts of title furnished, collections made and prompt returns guaranteed. Connected with the law firm of Wood & Day Mt. Sterling, Ky., in civil practice.	A. HOWARD STAMPER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW CAMPTON, KY., Will practice in the courts of Wolfe and the adjoining counties. All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention.
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Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine.

Hood's Pills

Best, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory: prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. etc. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

SCAPE-SIGHTINGS.

"Lumber neck" is the name given the disease that is killing the poultry in Jessamine county at a rapid rate.

During the month of August Lexington was remarkably free from fires, the fire department having had only six runs.

In some localities in the state an insect known as the "borer" is killing elm trees by the score. No other trees seem to be attacked.

The corn crop in Union county is cut short by the want of rain, and from some portions of the state reports are coming in of an almost total failure.

In a quarrel over a pistol at Round Hill, Butler county, Cap Warmouth, a son of Sid Warmouth, was severely cut in the neck and spine by Roy Williams. Neither is over sixteen years old.

Commissioner of Agriculture Moore's monthly report estimates 65 per cent. of wheat grown in Kentucky still in the hands of the farmers, and ranges from 93 per cent. in Taylor to 25 per cent. in Fulton.

Since July 2 there have been seven burials in the Elizabethtown cemetery of people who died suddenly: one sunstroke, one killed by lightning, one suicide, one cramp colic, one heart disease, and two murdered.

Mrs. Charles S. Mitchell, of Jessamine county, is the proud possessor of a cotton bed quilt made by her mother, Mrs. Fann Waller, of Lexington, in 1852, which contains 15,480 pieces. The designs are beautiful and all needle work. The quilt has been awarded several fair premiums and is much admired by all who have seen it.

Bob Blair, says the Clinton Democrat, went to his straw stack a few days ago to get some straw to make a colt a bed, and while dragging out the straw uncovered eight two-bushel sacks of wheat which he had overlooked. As wheat has advanced about 35 or 40 cents since Bob sold his crop he is \$5 or \$6 ahead by his oversight.

"My boy came home from school one day with his hand badly lacerated and bleeding, and suffering great pain," says E. J. Schall, with Meyer Bros. Drug Co., St. Louis, Mo. "I dressed the wound, and applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm freely. All pain ceased and in a remarkably short time it healed without leaving a scar. For wounds, sprains, swelling and rheumatism, I know of no medicine or prescription equal to it. I consider it a household necessity." The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by J. T. Day.

If a man had a \$50 bull pup he would look after it carefully, and not let it run around at night all over town. But if he has a boy it is different. He is turned loose at a tender age to go to the devil, and people wonder where the great army of tramps, bums, gamblers, dead beats, loafers and sots come from each decade. They are germinated from pure seed gathered from our homes and sown broadcast upon our streets and alleys. It may be that your boy is making a growth in that direction. At all events the boys ought to be given an equal showing with the bull pup.—Vanceburg Sun.

A Newly Discovered Use for Old Papers.
The latest use to which old newspapers may be put, is to soak them in sour milk until reduced to pulp and feed the mixture to the hens. This is the unpatented invention of a Michigan poultry fancier, who says it greatly increases their egg-laying abilities. For fear it may not so well agree with the Bristol breed, we suggest trying it at first on your neighbor's fowls. P. S.—It is found to be useless unless the subscription to the paper has been paid for in advance.—Bristol (R. I.) Phoenix.

We have several hundred on hand which we are selling at 20 cents per 100. Come early before they are all gone.

THE HERALD FOR ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING



Hon. O. T. Wallace.

(Prohibition candidate for clerk of court of Appeals.)

He was born in Madison county, Kentucky, on the 28th of February, 1845—a son of Salem Wallace, who was one of the most substantial men of his day and represented Madison county in the legislature in about 1843 to '45 and was highly respected wherever known both as a christian and a citizen. His father (William Wallace) moved to Garrard (then Lincoln) county from Virginia in the early settling of that portion of the state, was a revolutionary soldier, entering the army when 19 years old—and was present at the surrender of Cornwallis. His line runs back to Peter Wallace, sr., and Michael Woods, whose descendants intermarried, and from which are descended many of the first and most noted families of Kentucky, such as the Woodes, McAtees, McDowells, Lapsleys, Campbells, Dedmans, Gooches, Magoffins, Earresses, Forsythes, Adamsons, Bohons, Todds, Johnsons, Blantons, and many others. By profession, farmer and land surveyor, civil engineer for turnpikes, etc. He never held any office of trust except that of county surveyor and county school superintendent. He was born and reared a seceder or Palmsingling Presbyterian and is now a ruling elder in that church at New Hope near Paint Lick station. His home is at Point Leavelle, in Garrard county. In answer to the question, How Mr. Wallace stood as a citizen? one of his neighbors replied, "You can not say too much of Mr. Wallace as a christian gentleman, an intelligent, upright, honorable citizen." Recognizing 15 to 20 years ago the fact that the legalized liquor traffic can never be destroyed without the united efforts of its foes, and that nothing will count like votes, he identified himself with the Prohibition party, casting his first vote for St. John in 1884, and has been an ardent supporter of that cause ever since.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail mention THE HAZEL GREEN HERALD and send your full postoffice address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

It Saves the Croupy Children.

SEAVIEW, VA.—We have a splendid sale on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and our customers coming from far and near, speak of it in the highest terms. Many have said that their children would have died of croup if Chamberlain's Cough Remedy had not been given. —KILLAM & OURREN. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by J. T. Day.



NERVOUS Troubles are due to impoverished blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the One True Blood Purifier and NERVE TONIC.



CROUP CURED

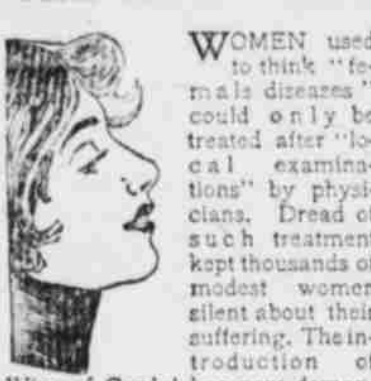
Croup, whooping cough and colds are quickly allayed and danger averted by

DR. BELL'S PINE-TAR-HONEY

This famous remedy will cure an attack of croup in the time it takes to find a doctor. Every home should have it ready for the time of need. It is an infallible remedy for all bronchial and lung affections.

Sold by druggists at 25c, 50c and \$1 per bottle or sent direct on receipt of price by The E. E. Sutherland Medicine Co., Paducah, Ky.

THE NEW WAY.



WOMEN used to think "female diseases" could only be treated after "local examinations" by physicians. Dread of such treatment kept thousands of modest women silent about their suffering. The introduction of

Wine of Cardui has now demonstrated that nine-tenths of all the cases of menstrual disorders do not require a physician's attention at all. The simple, pure

Wine of Cardui taken in the privacy of a woman's own home insures quick relief and speedy cure. Women need not hesitate now. Wine of Cardui requires no humiliating examinations for its adoption. It cures any disease that comes under the head of "female troubles"—disordered menses, falling of the womb, "whites," change of life. It makes women beautiful by making them well. It keeps them young by keeping them healthy. \$1.00 at the drug store.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving full name, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

W. L. ADDISON, M.D., Cary, Miss., says: "I use Wine of Cardui extensively in my practice and find it almost excellent preparation for female troubles."

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Four hundred and seventeen (417) acres of land on Kentucky river, Jackson's Ferry, Clark county, Ky. Good house and outbuildings. 100 acres of river bottom.
J. MAT. MOORE, HUNT, KY.

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Surgery and obstetrics a specialty

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Lexington and Eastern Railway.

Time Table in Effect May 13, 1897.

WEST BOUND.

STATIONS	No. 1. Daily.	No. 3. Sundays only.	No. 5. Daily, ex. Sunday.
Lexington	9:20 am	6:20 pm	4:20 pm
Avon	9:24 am	6:24 pm	4:24 pm
Winchester	9:28 am	6:28 pm	4:28 pm
Fairfax	9:32 am	6:32 pm	4:32 pm
Indian Flds	9:36 am	6:36 pm	4:36 pm
Clay City	9:40 am	6:40 pm	4:40 pm
Stanton	9:44 am	6:44 pm	4:44 pm
Pilot	9:48 am	6:48 pm	4:48 pm
Dundee	9:52 am	6:52 pm	4:52 pm
Nat. Bridge	9:56 am	6:56 pm	4:56 pm
Torment	10:00 am	7:00 pm	5:00 pm
Beatty's Jc	10:04 am	7:04 pm	5:04 pm
Three Flds C	10:08 am	7:08 pm	5:08 pm
Athol	10:12 am	7:12 pm	5:12 pm
Jackson	10:16 am	7:16 pm	5:16 pm

EAST BOUND.

STATIONS	No. 2. Daily.	No. 4. Sundays only.	No. 6. Daily, ex. Sunday.
Lexington	2:30 pm	7:45 am	9:30 am
Avon	2:34 pm	7:49 am	9:34 am
Winchester	2:38 pm	7:53 am	9:38 am
Fairfax	2:42 pm	7:57 am	9:42 am
Indian Flds	2:46 pm	8:01 am	9:46 am
Clay City	2:50 pm	8:05 am	9:50 am
Stanton	2:54 pm	8:09 am	9:54 am
Pilot	2:58 pm	8:13 am	9:58 am
Dundee	3:02 pm	8:17 am	10:02 am
Nat. Bridge	3:06 pm	8:21 am	10:06 am
Torment	3:10 pm	8:25 am	10:10 am
Beatty's Jc	3:14 pm	8:29 am	10:14 am
Three Flds C	3:18 pm	8:33 am	10:18 am
Athol	3:22 pm	8:37 am	10:22 am
Jackson	3:26 pm	8:41 am	10:26 am

Nos. 1 and 2 arrive and depart from C. & O. Union depot at Lexington. All freight trains arrive and depart from Newmarket.

J. R. BARR, Gen'l Manager.
CHAS. SCOTT, Gen. Pass. Agent.

The Way to Win Success

In anything is to keep everlastingly at it. This is true whether you want to

Reach the People Who Buy Goods

Through an advertisement, or to earn a living in some other way. People need to see each other a great many times before forming friendships, and it is much the same with advertisers and their readers. It is

Not by Fitful Advertising

That an immense business is built up. This paper has readers who read other papers, perhaps, but seeing your ad.

In the Hazel Green Herald

Will give its readers confidence in you. More confidence means more business. This paper has readers, too, who read no other. They may not now trade with you, but are almost sure to do so, if you are a constant advertiser in THE HERALD. Any business man who has laid the foundation of business success by advertising in this

Or Any Other Newspaper,

Knows that he did it, not by occasionally inserting an ad. and then waiting to see what happened.

But By Keeping Everlastingly At It.

Do not say that people don't read advertisements—you have read this one.

R.I.P.A.N.S.

Packed Without Glass. TEN OR FIVE CENTS.

This special form of R.I.P.A.N.S. is prepared from the original prescription, but more economical, and put up for the purpose of meeting the universal demand for a low price. PRELATIONS—Take one at meal or bed time or whenever you feel poorly. Swallow it whole, with or without a mouthful of water. They cure stomach troubles, headache, indigestion, nervousness, etc. An invincible tonic. Best sleeping medicine. No matter what the matter, one will do you good. One given relief—a cure will result if directions are followed. The R.I.P.A.N.S. are not yet to be had of all druggists, although it is probable that almost any druggist will obtain a supply when requested to do so. In order to do so, in any case, a single carton containing ten tablets, will be sent, postage paid, to any address for five cents in stamps, forwarded to the R.I.P.A.N.S. Co., No. 10 Spruce St., New York. Until the goods are there, a fair margin of profit, viz., 1 down carton for 4 cents—by mail 45 cents. 12 down (12 cartons) for \$4.25 by mail for \$4.50. 24 down (24 cartons) for \$8.25 by mail for \$8.50. Cash with the order in every case, and freight of express charges at the buyer's cost.

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COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KY. UNIVERSITY

Awarded Medal at World's Exposition. Refers to thousands of graduates in positions of

Cost of Full Business Course, including Tuition, Books and Board in family, about \$50. Short-hand, Type-Writing, and Telegraphy, Specialties.

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YOUR FORTUNE

Is your health? Your happiness is your strength. Keep the Head and Throat clear and healthy and your mind and brain is always at rest and ease. **CUSHMAN'S MENTHOL INHALENT** is the greatest relief in all head troubles. CURES COLDS, SORE THROAT, CATARRH. The awful odor of Catarrh disappears by its use. Wonderful in Hay Fever and Asthma. **BUY ONLY CUSHMAN'S.** It can't get it at druggists and for it, by mail, 25 cents. Send for book on Throat, Head, CUSHMAN DRUG CO., WINCHESTER, IND., U. S. A.

THE HERALD

IS THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN EASTERN KY

ACTINA.

The Great Restorer

The Blind See.

The Deaf Hear.

Only CATARRH CURE.

ACTINA is a marvel of the Nineteenth Century, for by its use the Blind See, the Deaf Hear and Catarrh is impossible. Actina is an absolute certainty in the cure of Catarrh, Pteritis, Granulated Lids, Gonorrhea, Antritis, Myopia, Trachoma, Conjunctivitis, Sore Eyes or Weak Vision from any cause. No animal except man wears spectacles. There need not be a spectacle used on the Streets of the world and rarely to read with. Street Classes Abandoned. Actina also cures Neuritis, Headache, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis and Weak Lungs. Actina is not a snuff or lotion, but a Perfect Electric Pocket Battery, usable at all times and in all places by younger and older. The one instrument will cure a whole family of any of the above forms of disease.

Prof. Wilson's Magneto-Conservative Garments

Cure Rheumatism, Rheumatoid and all Chronic Forms of Rheumatism. These Garments are as powerful as the physicians as the wonder-working "Actina."

A Valuable Book Free on application. Contains facts on the Human System, its diseases and cure and thousands of References and Testimonials.

Agents Wanted. Write for Terms. New York and London Electric Ass'n, 1118 Walnut St., Kansas City, Mo.

John R. McLean's Great Newspaper.

Without a single exception, there is beyond doubt no greater or more popular newspaper in the United States than the Cincinnati Enquirer; or a more successful publisher than its proprietor, Mr. John R. McLean.

The old-time prices for the Daily Enquirer have been maintained, and its circulation largely increased each year; hard times and cheaper journals failing to arrest its onward march and high appreciation of the public for its true worth and merit.

The Weekly Enquirer at beginning of the campaign year was offered at 50 cents a year, and its circulation increased by the addition of over 200,000 new subscribers; the most substantial and coveted testimonial a publisher could desire.

When asked for the secret of such success, Mr. McLean frankly answers: The Enquirer has no opinions to force upon its patrons, it simply prints the facts and tells the truth that the reader may form his own opinions. By maintaining the price of the paper, more news and greater variety can be furnished, and every class of business interests catered to, which a cheaper journal cannot afford.

The very liberal support given the Enquirer by the public at large, makes it incumbent upon the management to serve it faithfully with zeal and enterprise in minor matters as well as those of greater magnitude.

The Enquirer by the public at large, makes it incumbent upon the management to serve it faithfully with zeal and enterprise in minor matters as well as those of greater magnitude.

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